Prepared for: The University of Tampa November 2013

HAZCOM 2012 - Update

Global Harmonization System [GHS]

What is GHS

- Harmonized criteria for the classification of substances and mixtures according to their health, environmental and physical hazards.
- Harmonized hazard communication system including requirements for labeling and safety data sheets.
- Target Audience workers, employers, consumers, transport workers, emergency responders

Hazcom 2012 Standard

Published March 26, 2012 in the Federal Register

- Conform to the Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) Rev 3
- Specifies Changes to
 - Classification
 - Label Content
 - Safety Data Sheet Content (mandatory 16 section SDS, % required)
- No Changes to
 - Scope and Exemptions
 - Written Hazcom Program
 - Labeling requirement
 - MSDS Distribution and Availability in the Workplace
 - Employee Information and Training (other than training on new labels and MSDS within 2 years)
 - Trade Secrets (except to include percentage)

GHS Links

• GHS website:

http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_rev04/04files_e.html

- GHS Based on Existing Major Systems
- US OSHA, CPSC (consumer), EPA pesticides
- Canada WHMIS, CCCR (consumer), pesticides
- EU classification and labeling system
- UN Recommendations on Transport of Dangerous Goods

GHS Scope

Covers all Hazardous chemicals

- substances
- mixtures

In all types of use situations

- research/development
- production
- storage
- transport
- workplace use
- consumer use
- presence in the environment

Exemptions

- Hazardous waste
- Hazardous substances at a CERCLA remediation site
- Tobacco
- Wood and wood products which will not be processed and only present a fire hazard
- Articles
- Food and alcoholic beverages sold, used or prepared in retail establishments or intended for personal consumption

- Drugs, in solid, final form for direct administration to patient, or packaged for sale, or for consumption by employees
- Cosmetics packaged for sale or for use by employees
- Consumer products if used only in consumer manner
- Nuisance particulates
- Radiation (ionizing and non-ionizing)
- Biological hazards

Label Exemptions

- Pesticides
- Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) regulated chemicals
- Food, food additives, color additives, drugs, cosmetics, medical/veterinary devices, alcoholic beverages
- Consumer products when labeled in accordance with the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)
- Seeds treated with pesticides if labeled under US Department of Agriculture (USDA)

Mandatory Label Content on Shipped Containers:

- Product Identifier
- Ingredients not required but are part of GHS label
- Signal word (danger or warning)
- Hazard statements
- Pictograms
- Precautionary statements
- Name, address and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer or other responsible party
- Unknown acute toxicity statement if applicable

Label Signal Word

- A word used to indicate the relative level of severity of hazard and alert the reader to a potential hazard on the label
- The signal words used in this section are
- "Danger" and "Warning"
- "Danger" used for the more severe hazards
- "Warning" used for the less severe

Label Hazard Statement

- A single harmonized hazard statement for each level of hazard (category) within each hazard class
- Hazard statements were numbered in the amendment to Rev 1.

Example: Flammable liquids

Category 1: H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

Category 2: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Category 3: H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

Category 4: H227 Combustible liquid

Label Pictogram

- A composition that may include a symbol plus other graphic elements such as a border, background pattern, or color, that is intended to convey specific information about the hazards of a chemical
- Nine pictograms are designated under the GHS
- Eight pictograms are adopted in Hazcom 2012
 - Red border, black symbol, white background
 - Blank red diamonds are not permitted on shipped container labels

Exploding Bomb Symbol



- Unstable Explosives
- Explosives (Divisions 1.1-
- **1**.4)
- Self-reactives (Type A and Type B with Flame)
- Organic Peroxides
 (Type A and Type B with Flame)

Flame Symbol



- Flammable Gases
- Flammable Aerosols
- □ Flammable Liquids (Categories 1-3)
- Flammable Solids
- Self-Reactives (Type B with bomb, Types C-F)
- Pyrophoric liquids and solids
- Self-heating substances
- Substances which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Organic Peroxides

Flame over Circle



- Oxidizing Gases
- Oxidizing Liquids
- Oxidizing Solids

Gas Cylinder Symbol



- Compressed Gas
- Liquefied Gas
- RefrigeratedLiquefied Gas
- Dissolved Gas

Corrosion Symbol



- Corrosive to Metals (steel or aluminum >6.25 mm/year at 55C)
- Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 1 (A, B and C)
- Serious eye damage/ irritation – Category 1

Skull and Crossbones Symbol



GHS Pictograms:

Acute Toxicity –
 Categories 1-3

 (oral, inhalation or dermal routes)

Exclamation Mark Symbol



- Acute Toxicity Category4 (oral, inhalation or dermal routes)
- Skin Irritation/ Corrosion Category 2
- Serious Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A
- Skin Sensitizer
- STOST (single exposure) –
 Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation, narcotic effects)
- Hazardous to the Ozone Layer

Health Hazard Symbol



- Respiratory Sensitizer
- Germ CellMutagenicity
- Carcinogenicity
- Toxic to Reproduction
- STOST (single exposure)Categories 1-2
- STOST (repeated exposure) –Categories 1-2
- Aspiration Hazard

Environment Symbol



- Acute hazards to the aquatic environment – Category 1 (Categories 2 and 3 no symbol or signal word)
- Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment Categories 1 and 2 (Categories 3 and 4 no symbol or signal word)

No Symbol

GHS Labeling

Some Hazard Categories have no symbol

- - Explosives Division 1.5
- Flammable Gases Category 2
- Flammable Liquid Category 4
- Acute Toxicity Category 5
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3
- Eye Damage/Irritation Category 2B
- Effects on Lactation
- Hazardous to the Aquatic
 Environment Acute 2 and 3,
 Chronic 3 and 4

Example GHS Label

2-Methyl Flammaline

Danger Highly Flammable Liquid and Vapor May cause cancer

Prevention

- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- Keep containers tightly closed.
- Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
- Use only non-sparking tools.
- Take action to prevent static discharge.
- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response

- If on skin (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.
- In case of fire: Use water fog, foam or dry chemical to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

 Dispose of contents to hazardous waste in accordance with all local, state and national regulations

ABC Chemical Company, 3 Main Street, Hartford, CT 860-123-2222





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GHS SDS

Safety Data Sheets – formerly known as Material Safety Data Sheets [MSDS]

SDS 16-Sections

- 1. Identification
- Hazard(s) identification
- Composition/informati on on ingredients
- 4. First-aid measures
- 5. Fire-fighting measures
- Accidental release measures
- 7. Handling and storage
- 8. Exposure control/personal protection

- Physical and chemical properties
- 10. Stability and reactivity
- Toxicological information
- 12. Ecological information
- 13. Disposal considerations
- 14. Transport information
- 15. Regulatory information
- 16. Other information

SDS Methyl Chloride

http://www.chemadvisor.com/Matheson/database/msds/MAT14360000220003.PDF

Standardized Label Formats

OLD Label Example

New GHS Label



METHYLENE CHLORIDE DANGER! POISON! CASP: 75-09-2 TARGET ORGANS: SKIN, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES, MINTER SKINL OR HAVING IL IS SMALLOWED, ABSORNED THROUGH 90N OR NAMED, SAN in tightly closed comment, Askel breathing vapor, duty, mat, Arkel contact with eyes, skin, clothing the with elegants verification. Wish thoroughly after handling. When hashed to decomposition emits very tools furner, in case of the, use water game, also had been, dry diversion, or SIMPTORES OF EXPOSURE: Fatigue, weakness, lighthroadedness, Numbress or tingling in the limbs, Navara, Initiation of the eyes and skin. Versign Andre A SUSPECTED CARDINOGIN. INSTRUCTIONS FOR INVESTIGE AD IN CASE OF EXPOSURE. Call a Physician. If swadowed, and if conscious, remediately induce vomiting. If inhaled, remove to fresh sit: If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give congern, in case of contact, immediately flush affected area with surving water for at least 15 nametes. Medical Intervention treat symptoms of exposure. SPEL RESPONSE PROCEDURES. Only appropriately trained personnel should respond to spills. Use proper exposure procedures and maintain appropriate level of fire protection. Dispose of as required by federal, state, and local regulations. CONTAINER HANDLING and STORAGE: Store in tightly closed consister in cool, dry area. Open containers carefully with adequate ventilation. Act of storage or correct with strong ostifizers, caustics, chemically active metals or any other incompatible materials. MSDS REFERENCE: Refer to Massival Safety Data Sheet for more information about chemical MANUFACTURES MSDS LOCATION HC-274 PHONE NUMBER:

Methylene Chloride



WARNING rious eve irritation, Causes skin irrita

Causes serious eve irritation. Causes sich irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or ditziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to the central reviews system through prolonged or repeated inhalation. May cause damage to the liver or blood through prolonged or repeated inoestion.



PREVENTIO

Wash hands and any other contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

RESPONSE

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do continue rinsing. If eye irration persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Take off immediately all contaminated obthing. Wash with plenty of water, and soap if available. Wash contaminated obthing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

For More Information:

- Society for Chemical Hazard Communication (SCHC) <u>www.schc.org</u>
- SCHC-OSHA Alliance

www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/schc/schc.html

- OSHA Hazard Communication Website
 http://www.osha.gov/dsg/hazcom/index.html
- GHS Website

http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_rev04/04files_e.html