

This is a partial list which should help you identify common incompatible chemicals. Please consult with the book <u>Prudent Practices in the Laboratory</u> or the chemical Safety Data Sheet [SDS] for additional incompatible information specific to your laboratory/studio.

| CHEMICAL                | KEEP OUT OF CONTACT WITH  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Acetic Acid             | Chromic acid, nitric acid hydroxyl compounds, ethylene, glycol, perchloric acid, peroxides, permanganates             |  |  |
| Acetone                 | Concentrated nitric and sulfuric acid mixtures  |  |  |
| Acetylene               | Chlorine, bromine, copper, fluorine, silver, mercury  |  |  |
| Alkali Metals           | Water, carbon tetrachloride or other chlorinated hydrocarbons, carbon dioxide, the halogens                           |  |  |
| Ammonia,<br>anhydrous   | Mercury, chlorine, calcium hypochlorite, iodine, bromine,<br>hydrofluoric acid  |  |  |
| Ammonium<br>Nitrate     | Acids, metal powders, flammable liquids, chlorates, nitrites, sulfur, finely divided organic or combustible materials |  |  |
| Aniline                 | Nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide  |  |  |
| Arsenical<br>materials  | Any reducing agent  |  |  |
| Azides                  | Acids   |  |  |
| Bromine                 | Same as chlorine  |  |  |
| Calcium Oxide           | Water   |  |  |
| Carbon (activated)      | Calcium hypochlorite, all oxidizing agents.   |  |  |
| Carbon<br>tetrachloride | Sodium  |  |  |
| Chlorates               | Ammonium salts, acids, metal powders, sulfur, finely divided organic or combustible materials                         |  |  |
| Chromic Acid            | Acetic acid, naphthalene, camphor, glycerin, turpentine, alcohol, flammable liquids in general                        |  |  |

## Known Incompatible Chemicals Effective August 2010





| CHEMICAL                      | KEEP OUT OF CONTACT WITH   |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Chlorine                      | Ammonia, acetylene, butadiene, butane, methane, propane (or other petroleum gases), hydrogen, sodium carbide, turpentine, benzene, finely divided metals |  |  |  |
| Chlorine Dioxide              | Ammonia, methane, phosphine, hydrogen sulfide  |  |  |  |
| Copper                        | Acetylene, hydrogen peroxide   |  |  |  |
| Cumene<br>Hydroperoxide       | Acids, organic or inorganic  |  |  |  |
| Cyanides                      | Acids  |  |  |  |
| Flammable<br>Liquids          | Ammonium nitrate, chromic acid, hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, sodium peroxide, halogens  |  |  |  |
| Hydrocarbons                  | Fluorine, chlorine, bromine, chromic acid, sodium peroxide   |  |  |  |
| Hydrocyanic Acid              | Nitric acid, alkali  |  |  |  |
| Hydrofluoric Acid             | Ammonia, aqueous or anhydrous  |  |  |  |
| Hydrogen<br>Peroxide          | Copper, chromium, iron, most metals or their salts, alcohols, acetone, organic materials, aniline, nitromethane, flammable liquids, oxidizing gases      |  |  |  |
| Hydrogen Sulfide              | Fuming nitric acid, oxidizing gases, acetylene, ammonia (aqueous or anhydrous), hydrogen   |  |  |  |
| Hypochlorites                 | Acids, activated carbon  |  |  |  |
| Iodine                        | Acetylene, ammonia (aqueous or anhydrous), hydrogen  |  |  |  |
| Mercury                       | Acetylene, fulminic acid, ammonia  |  |  |  |
| Nitrates                      | Sulfuric acid  |  |  |  |
| Nitric Acid<br>(concentrated) | Acetic acid, aniline, chromic acid, hydrocyanic acid, hydrogen sulfide, flammable liquids, flammable gases   |  |  |  |
| Nitrites                      | Acids  |  |  |  |
| Nitroparaffins                | Inorganic bases, amines  |  |  |  |



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| CHEMICAL                  | KEEP OUT OF CONTACT WITH   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Oxalic Acid               | Silver, mercury  |  |  |  |
| Oxygen                    | Oils, grease, hydrogen; flammable liquids, solids, or gases  |  |  |  |
| Perchloric Acid           | Acetic anhydride, bismuth and its alloys, alcohol, paper, wood   |  |  |  |
| Peroxides, organic        | Acids (organic or mineral), avoid friction, store cold   |  |  |  |
| Phosphorus<br>(white)     | Air, oxygen, alkalies, reducing agents   |  |  |  |
| Potassium                 | Carbon tetrachloride, carbon dioxide, water  |  |  |  |
| Potassium<br>Chlorate     | Sulfuric and other acids   |  |  |  |
| Potassium<br>Permanganate | Glycerin, ethylene glycol, benzaldehyde, sulfuric acid   |  |  |  |
| Selenides                 | Reducing agents  |  |  |  |
| Silver                    | Acetylene, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, ammonium compounds  |  |  |  |
| Sodium                    | Carbon tetrachloride, carbon dioxide, water  |  |  |  |
| Sodium nitrite            | Ammonium nitrate and other ammonium salts  |  |  |  |
| Sodium Peroxide           | Ethyl or methyl alcohol, glacial acetic acid, acetic anhydride,<br>benzaldehyde, carbon disulfide, glycerin, ethylene glycol, ethyl<br>acetate, methyl acetate, furfural |  |  |  |
| Sulfides                  | Acids  |  |  |  |
| Sulfuric Acid             | Potassium chlorate, potassium perchlorate, potassium permanganate (or compounds with similar light metals, such as sodium, lithium, etc.)                                |  |  |  |
| Tellurides                | Reducing agents  |  |  |  |

Source: Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Guide for Safety in the Chemical <u>Laboratory</u>